534 people identify as Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander, this is 6% of the population (NSW 2.9%).

81.8% of the population was born in Australia (NSW 65.5%).

587 people have a profound or severe disability, this is 7.3% of the population (NSW 5.6%).

Our people

The total fertility rate in 2013-15 was 2.5 births per woman (NSW 1.9).

24.6% of mothers smoked in pregnancy in 2014-16 which was significantly higher than the NSW average.

3.0% of babies born in 2012-14 were low birth-weight (NSW 5.2%).

A first trimester antenatal visit occurred in 76.7% of pregnancies in 2014-16 which was significantly higher than the NSW average.

The unemployment rate in 2017 was 8.9% (NSW 4.8%).

31.0 in 100 people had government support as their main source of income for 13 months or more in 2013 and 2014 (NSW 20.4).

75.5% of 15-24 year olds were earning or learning in 2016 (NSW 85%).

The SEIFA Index of Relative Socioeconomic Disadvantage score is 915, Glen Innes is more disadvantaged than Australia (1000).

The population will decline to approximately 7,850 in 2036.

17.1% of the population are aged 0-14 years (NSW 18.5%).

25.9% of the population are aged 65 years + (NSW 16.3%).

10.0 of every 100 adults in 2014-15 were high or very high psychological distress (NSW 11).

15.4 of every 100 people in 2011-12 were chronically mentally and behaviourally problems (NSW 13.1).

There were 22 hospitalisations for intentional self-harm in 2014-16 at a rate of 239.9 per 100,000 people which was significantly higher than the NSW rate.

6 people died by suicide between 2000 and 2013.

31.0 in 100 people had government support as their main source of income for 13 months or more in 2013 and 2014 (NSW 20.4).

The population will decline to approximately 7,850 in 2036.

17.1% of the population are aged 0-14 years (NSW 18.5%).

25.9% of the population are aged 65 years + (NSW 16.3%).

10.0 of every 100 adults in 2014-15 were high or very high psychological distress (NSW 11).

15.4 of every 100 people in 2011-12 were chronically mentally and behaviourally problems (NSW 13.1).

There were 22 hospitalisations for intentional self-harm in 2014-16 at a rate of 239.9 per 100,000 people which was significantly higher than the NSW rate.

6 people died by suicide between 2000 and 2013.

Hunter New England and Central Coast PHN acknowledges the traditional owners and custodians of the lands that we live and work on as the First People of this Country.
POPULATION HEALTH SNAPSHOT 2018
Glen Innes Severn LGA

**CANCER INCIDENCE**

64 NEW CASES of cancer were diagnosed in 2013

Most COMMON CANCER TYPES (number of cases, 2009-13)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cancer Type</th>
<th>Number of Cases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prostate</td>
<td>79</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Breast</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lung</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melanoma (skin)</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colon</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CANCER INCIDENCE in 2013 (507.6 per 100,000) was HIGHER THAN THE NSW RATE (500.5)

**CANCER MORTALITY**

24 PEOPLE DIED FROM CANCER in 2013

The mortality rate (186.3 per 100,000) was HIGHER THAN THE NSW RATE (170)

**SERVICES WE COMMISSION IN THE AREA**

- Allied Health Services
- Drug & Alcohol Treatment Services
- Mental Health & Suicide Prevention Services
- Indigenous Health & Mental Health Services
- Primary Health Care Nursing
- Small Town GP After Hours Services

**CANCER SCREENING PARTICIPATION 2015-16**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Screening Type</th>
<th>Participation Rate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Breast Screening (NSW 93%)</td>
<td>64.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cervical Screening (NSW 56.3%)</td>
<td>58.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bowel Screening (NSW 37.8%)</td>
<td>38.1%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are LOWER BREAST SCREENING rates amongst ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER (56.3%) women

473 WOMEN UNSCREENED

921 WOMEN UNSCREENED

524 PEOPLE UNSCREENED

**POTENTIALLY PREVENTABLE HOSPITALISATIONS**

Between 2014 and 2016 there were 250.7 POTENTIALLY PREVENTABLE HOSPITALISATIONS EACH YEAR at a rate of 2,799.4 per 100,000

This was SIGNIFICANTLY HIGHER THAN THE NSW RATE (2,104.2)

**ACCESS TO SERVICES**

In 2014 120 PEOPLE experienced a BARRIER TO HEALTH CARE ACCESS with COST BEING THE MAIN REASON at a rate of 2.0 per 100 people (NSW 2.5)

In 2014 312 PEOPLE experienced difficulty or COULDN’T GET TO PLACES WITH TRANSPORT at a rate of 4.2 per 100 people (NSW 4.3)

In 2016 67.9% OF HOUSES were able to ACCESS THE INTERNET (NSW 82.5%)

There are 4 GENERAL PRACTICES in the area

and FOR EVERY FULL-TIME GP THERE ARE 1,342 PEOPLE

There is 1 ABORIGINAL MEDICAL SERVICE and 2 PUBLIC HOSPITALS

5,522 patients presented to the Glen Innes and Emmaville EMERGENCY DEPARTMENTS in 2016-17, 4,272 were SEMI OR NON-URGENT PRESENTATIONS and could have been managed in general practice

**DATA SOURCES**


For further information please contact us healthplanning@hneccphn.com.au or visit our website hneccphn.com.au

Updated March 2018